

EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	2383	ikk\$	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 09:20
L2	117787	yeast	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 09:21
L3	26	1 near5 2	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 09:21
L4	379	1 near5 complex	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 09:36
L5	37	4 same 2	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 09:36
L6	205	4 same express\$	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 10:14
L7	336	4 same activat\$	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 10:14
L8	218	4 near8 activat\$	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	OFF	2008/01/22 10:15

* STN Columbus * .

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:59:24 ON 22 JAN 2008

=> fil .bec
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

| SINCE FILE
ENTRY | TOTAL
SESSION |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 0.21 | 0.21 |

FILES 'MEDLINE, SCISEARCH, LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, HCAPLUS, NTIS,
ESBIOBASE, BIOTECHNO, WPIDS' ENTERED AT 11:59:48 ON 22 JAN 2008
ALL COPYRIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS APPLY. SEE HELP USAGETERMS FOR DETAILS.

11 FILES IN THE FILE LIST

```
=> S IKK?  
FILE 'MEDLINE'  
L1 3116 IKK?
```

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
L2 2633 IKK?

FILE 'LIFESCI'
L3 993 IKK?

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
L4 109 IKK?

FILE 'BIOSIS'
L5 2462 IKK?

FILE 'EMBASE'
L6 1886 IKK?

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
L7 2597 IKK?

FILE 'NTIS'
L8 69 IKK?

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
L9 1640 IKK?

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
L10 490 IKK?

FILE 'WPIDS'
L11 279 IKK?

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L12 16274 IKK?

=> S 112(5a)complex
FILE 'MEDLINE'

L13 445 L1 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE SCISEARCH
1284180 COMPLEX?
L14 472 L2 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'LIFESCI'
233633 COMPLEX?
L15 276 L3 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 32542 COMPLEX?
L16 7 L4 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 726300 COMPLEX?
L17 486 L5 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'EMBASE'
 627452 COMPLEX?
L18 412 L6 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 1789332 COMPLEX?
L19 485 L7 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'NTIS'
 85057 COMPLEX?
L20 10 L8 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 291286 COMPLEX?
L21 387 L9 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 170931 COMPLEX?
L22 171 L10(5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'WPIDS'
 248039 COMPLEX?
L23 19 L11(5A) COMPLEX?

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L24 3170 L12(5A) COMPLEX?

=> s l24(15a) (express? or coexpress?)

FILE 'MEDLINE'
 1159171 EXPRESS?
 15512 COEXPRESS?
L25 26 L13(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 1482015 EXPRESS?
 15947 COEXPRESS?
L26 25 L14(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 475906 EXPRESS?
 7507 COEXPRESS?
L27 28 L15(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 164701 EXPRESS?
 818 COEXPRESS?
L28 2 L16(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 1409296 EXPRESS?
 15735 COEXPRESS?
L29 29 L17(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'EMBASE'
 1066834 EXPRESS?
 14679 COEXPRESS?
L30 22 L18(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
1408902 EXPRESS?
14817 COEXPRESS?
L31 26 L19(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'NTIS'
41785 EXPRESS?
39 COEXPRESS?
L32 3 L20(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
681964 EXPRESS?
11527 COEXPRESS?
L33 42 L21(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
452182 EXPRESS?
7587 COEXPRESS?
L34 17 L22(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'WPIDS'
155738 EXPRESS?
212 COEXPRESS?
L35 3 L23(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L36 223 L24(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

=> s l24(15a) (yeast or saccharomyces)
FILE 'MEDLINE'
99971 YEAST
84135 SACCHAROMYCES
L37 1 L13(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
131926 YEAST
85192 SACCHAROMYCES
L38 1 L14(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'LIFESCI'
70208 YEAST
42153 SACCHAROMYCES
L39 0 L15(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
45631 YEAST
15167 SACCHAROMYCES
L40 1 L16(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'BIOSIS'
157519 YEAST
83697 SACCHAROMYCES
L41 1 L17(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'EMBASE'
88908 YEAST
48270 SACCHAROMYCES
L42 1 L18(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
212458 YEAST
93026 SACCHAROMYCES
L43 4 L19(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'NTIS'
 1468 YEAST
 486 SACCHAROMYCES
L44 0 L20(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 58317 YEAST
 27061 SACCHAROMYCES
L45 1 L21(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 50373 YEAST
 29288 SACCHAROMYCES
L46 1 L22(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'WPIDS'
 38851 YEAST
 6503 SACCHAROMYCES
L47 1 L23(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L48 12 L24(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

=> s (l36 or l48) not 2002-2008/py

FILE 'MEDLINE'
 3729737 2002-2008/PY
 (20020000-20089999/PY)
L49 9 (L25 OR L37) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 6863021 2002-2008/PY
 (20020000-20089999/PY)
L50 8 (L26 OR L38) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 791718 2002-2008/PY
L51 9 (L27 OR L39) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 157248 2002-2008/PY
L52 0 (L28 OR L40) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 3370680 2002-2008/PY
L53 10 (L29 OR L41) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'EMBASE'
 3286962 2002-2008/PY
L54 8 (L30 OR L42) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 7234888 2002-2008/PY
L55 10 (L31 OR L43) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'NTIS'
 99791 2002-2008/PY
L56 1 (L32 OR L44) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 1931750 2002-2008/PY
L57 12 (L33 OR L45) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 244553 2002-2008/PY
L58 10 (L34 OR L46) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'WPIDS'
 5896744 2002-2008/PY
L59 0 (L35 OR L47) NOT 2002-2008/PY

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L60 77 (L36 OR L48) NOT 2002-2008/PY

=> s 124(15a)activat?
FILE 'MEDLINE'
 864732 ACTIVAT?
L61 258 L13(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 989327 ACTIVAT?
L62 245 L14(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 283833 ACTIVAT?
L63 168 L15(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 33849 ACTIVAT?
L64 2 L16(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 898689 ACTIVAT?
L65 259 L17(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'EMBASE'
 779739 ACTIVAT?
L66 232 L18(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 1403184 ACTIVAT?
L67 270 L19(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'NTIS'
 29872 ACTIVAT?
L68 2 L20(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 402269 ACTIVAT?
L69 229 L21(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 233622 ACTIVAT?
L70 98 L22(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'WPIDS'
 309061 ACTIVAT?
L71 4 L23(15A)ACTIVAT?

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L72 1767 L24(15A) ACTIVAT?

=> s 172 not 2002-2008/py
FILE 'MEDLINE'
 3729737 2002-2008/PY
 (20020000-20089999/PY)
L73 69 L61 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 6863021 2002-2008/PY
 (20020000-20089999/PY)

L74 70 L62 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'LIFESCI'
791718 2002-2008/PY

L75 54 L63 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
157248 2002-2008/PY
L76 0 L64 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOSIS'
3370680 2002-2008/PY
L77 71 L65 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'EMBASE'
3286962 2002-2008/PY
L78 65 L66 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
7234888 2002-2008/PY
L79 80 L67 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'NTIS'
99791 2002-2008/PY
L80 0 L68 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
1931750 2002-2008/PY
L81 70 L69 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
244553 2002-2008/PY
L82 60 L70 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'WPIDS'
5896744 2002-2008/PY
L83 1 L71 NOT 2002-2008/PY

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L84 540 L72 NOT 2002-2008/PY

=> dup rem 184

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L84

L85 104 DUP REM L84 (436 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d tot

L85 ANSWER 1 OF 104 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V.
on STN
AN 2007312024 ESBIOBASE
TI Glutathione depletion down-regulates tumor necrosis factor
α-induced NF-κB activity via IκB kinase-dependent and
-independent mechanisms
AU Lou H.; Kaplowitz N.
CS N. Kaplowitz, Keck School of Medicine, University of Southern California,
HMR101, 2011 Zonal Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90033, United States.
E-mail: kaplowit@usc.edu
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry, (05 OCT 2007), 282/40 (29470-29481), 42
reference(s)
CODEN: JBCHA3 ISSN: 0021-9258 E-ISSN: 1083-351X
DT Journal; Article
CY United States
LA English
SL English

L85 ANSWER 2 OF 104 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V.
on STN
AN 2007311536 ESBIOBASE
TI Activation of a subset of genes by IFN- γ requires IKK β but not
interferon-dependent activation of NF- κ B
AU Shultz D.B.; Fuller J.D.; Yang Y.; Sizemore N.; Rani M.R.S.; Stark G.R.
CS Dr. G.R. Stark, Department of Molecular Genetics, Cleveland Clinic, 9500
Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44195, United States.
E-mail: starkg@ccf.org
SO Journal of Interferon and Cytokine Research, (2007), 27/10 (875-883), 24
reference(s)
CODEN: JICRFJ ISSN: 1079-9907
DT Journal; Article
CY United States
LA English
SL English

L85 ANSWER 3 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI NF- κ B-activating kinase NAK is an I κ B kinase-activating kinase
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

IN Nakanishi, Makoto; Nakayama, Keiichi
AN 2001:767272 HCAPLUS

DN 135:328745

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| JP 2001292779 | A | 20011023 | JP 2000-110481 | 20000412 |

L85 ANSWER 4 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1
TI Complete reconstitution of human IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex in yeast.
Assessment of its stoichiometry and the role of IKKgamma on the complex
activity in the absence of stimulation.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Sep 28) Vol. 276, No. 39, pp.
36320-6. Electronic Publication: 2001-07-24.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Miller B S; Zandi E
AN 2001522209 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 5 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2
TI Calmodulin-dependent kinase II mediates T cell receptor/CD3- and phorbol
ester-induced activation of IkappaB kinase.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Sep 21) Vol. 276, No. 38, pp.
36008-13. Electronic Publication: 2001-07-24.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Hughes K; Edin S; Antonsson A; Grundstrom T
AN 2001512053 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 6 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3
TI Cytokine-induced activation of nuclear factor-kappa B is inhibited by
hydrogen peroxide through oxidative inactivation of IkappaB kinase.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Sep 21) Vol. 276, No. 38, pp.
35693-700. Electronic Publication: 2001-07-30.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Korn S H; Wouters E F; Vos N; Janssen-Heininger Y M
AN 2001512027 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 7 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4
TI Identification of a novel A20-binding inhibitor of nuclear factor-kappa B
activation termed ABIN-2.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Aug 10) Vol. 276, No. 32, pp.
30216-23. Electronic Publication: 2001-06-04.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Van Huffel S; Delaei F; Heyninck K; De Valck D; Beyaert R
AN 2001441674 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 8 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5
TI The PTEN tumor suppressor protein inhibits tumor necrosis factor-induced nuclear factor kappa B activity.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Jul 20) Vol. 276, No. 29, pp. 27740-4. Electronic Publication: 2001-05-16.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Gustin J A; Maehama T; Dixon J E; Donner D B
AN 2001403609 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 9 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 6
TI Bcl10 and MALT1, independent targets of chromosomal translocation in malt lymphoma, cooperate in a novel NF-kappa B signaling pathway.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Jun 1) Vol. 276, No. 22, pp. 19012-9. Electronic Publication: 2001-03-21.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Lucas P C; Yonezumi M; Inohara N; McAllister-Lucas L M; Abazeed M E; Chen F F; Yamaoka S; Seto M; Nunez G
AN 2001328391 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 10 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 7
TI Novel NEMO/IkappaB kinase and NF-kappa B target genes at the pre-B to immature B cell transition.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 25) Vol. 276, No. 21, pp. 18579-90. Electronic Publication: 2001-02-21.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Li J; Peet G W; Balzarano D; Li X; Massa P; Barton R W; Marcu K B
AN 2001316128 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 11 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 8
TI Inhibition of the nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappa B) pathway by tetracyclic kaurene diterpenes in macrophages. Specific effects on NF-kappa B-inducing kinase activity and on the coordinate activation of ERK and p38 MAPK.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 11) Vol. 276, No. 19, pp. 15854-60. Electronic Publication: 2001-02-09.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Castrillo A; de Las Heras B; Hortelano S; Rodriguez B; Villar A; Bosca L
AN 2001291007 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 12 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 9
TI Effects of the NIK aly mutation on NF-kappaB activation by the Epstein-Barr virus latent infection membrane protein, lymphotoxin beta receptor, and CD40.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 4) Vol. 276, No. 18, pp. 14602-6. Electronic Publication: 2001-03-14.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Luftig M A; Cahir-McFarland E; Mosialos G; Kieff E
AN 2001370772 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 13 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Tumor suppressor MMAC/PTEN inhibits cytokine-induced NF κ B activation without interfering with the I κ B degradation pathway
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (2001), 276(14), 11402-11408
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
AU Koul, Dimpy; Yao, Yixin; Abbruzzese, James L.; Yung, W. K. Alfred; Reddy, Shrikanth A. G.
AN 2001:395052 HCAPLUS
DN 135:150793

L85 ANSWER 14 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 10
TI Activation of NF-kappa B by nontypeable *Hemophilus influenzae* is mediated by toll-like receptor 2-TAK1-dependent NIK-IKK alpha /beta-I kappa B alpha and MKK3/6-p38 MAP kinase signaling pathways in epithelial cells.
SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (2001 Jul 17) Vol. 98, No. 15, pp. 8774-9. Electronic

Publication: 2001-07-03.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
AU Shuto T; Xu H; Wang B; Han J; Kai H; Gu X X; Murphy T F; Lim D J; Li J D
AN 2001419650 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 15 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 11
TI Activation of nuclear factor kappaB through the IKK complex by the topoisomerase poisons SN38 and doxorubicin: a brake to apoptosis in HeLa human carcinoma cells.
SO Cancer research, (2001 Nov 1) Vol. 61, No. 21, pp. 7785-91.
Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.
AU Bottero V; Busuttil V; Loubat A; Magne N; Fischel J L; Milano G; Peyron J F
AN 2001648412 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 16 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 12
TI Role of IKKgamma/nemo in assembly of the Ikappa B kinase complex.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Feb 9) Vol. 276, No. 6, pp. 4494-500. Electronic Publication: 2000-11-15.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Li X H; Fang X; Gaynor R B
AN 2001268720 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 17 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 13
TI vCLAP, a caspase-recruitment domain-containing protein of equine Herpesvirus-2, persistently activates the Ikappa B kinases through oligomerization of IKKgamma.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Feb 2) Vol. 276, No. 5, pp. 3183-7. Electronic Publication: 2000-12-11.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Poyet J L; Srinivasula S M; Alnemri E S
AN 2001269967 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 18 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 14
TI Activation of the I kappa B alpha kinase (IKK) complex by double-stranded RNA-binding defective and catalytic inactive mutants of the interferon-inducible protein kinase PKR.
SO Oncogene, (2001 Apr 5) Vol. 20, No. 15, pp. 1900-12.
Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
AU Ishii T; Kwon H; Hiscott J; Mosialos G; Koromilas A E
AN 2001237349 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 19 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 15
TI Mutations in the Drosophila dTAK1 gene reveal a conserved function for MAPKKks in the control of rel/NF-kappaB-dependent innate immune responses.
SO Genes & development, (2001 Aug 1) Vol. 15, No. 15, pp. 1900-12.
Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.
AU Vidal S; Khush R S; Leulier F; Tzou P; Nakamura M; Lemaitre B
AN 2001440010 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 20 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 16
TI Conjugated polyhydroxybenzene derivatives block tumor necrosis factor-alpha-mediated nuclear factor-kappaB activation and cyclooxygenase-2 gene transcription by targeting IkappaB kinase activity.
SO Molecular pharmacology, (2001 Dec) Vol. 60, No. 6, pp. 1439-48.
Journal code: 0035623. ISSN: 0026-895X.
AU Chen C C; Chiu K T; Chan S T; Chern J W
AN 2001677285 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 21 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 17
TI Induction of monocyte chemoattractant protein 1 by Helicobacter pylori involves NF-kappaB.
SO Infection and immunity, (2001 Mar) Vol. 69, No. 3, pp. 1280-6.
Journal code: 0246127. ISSN: 0019-9567.
AU Mori N; Ueda A; Gelezinas R; Wada A; Hirayama T; Yoshimura T; Yamamoto N

AN 2001285342 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 22 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

TI NIK-associated protein (NAP), a negative regulator of TNF signaling.

SO FASEB Journal, (March 8, 2001) Vol. 15, No. 5, pp. A1040. print.

Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001. Orlando, Florida, USA. March 31-April 04, 2001.

CODEN: FAJOEC. ISSN: 0892-6638.

AU Hu, Wen-Hui [Reprint author]; Walters, Winston [Reprint author]; White, Michael [Reprint author]; Dietrich, W. Dalton [Reprint author]; Bethea, John R. [Reprint author]

AN 2001:257979 BIOSIS

L85 ANSWER 23 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 18

TI Modulation of gene expression by (-)-epigallocatechin gallate in PC-9 cells using a cDNA expression array.

SO Biological & pharmaceutical bulletin, (2001 Aug) Vol. 24, No. 8, pp. 883-6.

Journal code: 9311984. ISSN: 0918-6158.

AU Okabe S; Fujimoto N; Sueoka N; Suganuma M; Fujiki H

AN 2001466101 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 24 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

TI CD40 signaling in B cells regulates the expression of pim-1 via the NF-kappaB pathway.

SO FASEB Journal, (March 7, 2001) Vol. 15, No. 4, pp. A703. print.

Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001. Orlando, Florida, USA. March 31-April 04, 2001.

CODEN: FAJOEC. ISSN: 0892-6638.

AU Zhu, Mindy [Reprint author]; Ramirez, Luis; Lee, Rosaline [Reprint author]; Pelech, Steve; Bishop, Gail; Gold, Michael [Reprint author]

AN 2001:276736 BIOSIS

L85 ANSWER 25 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 19

TI Activation of NF-kappaB by hepatitis B virus X protein through an IkappaB kinase-independent mechanism.

SO American journal of physiology. Gastrointestinal and liver physiology, (2001 Apr) Vol. 280, No. 4, pp. G669-77.

Journal code: 100901227. ISSN: 0193-1857.

AU Purcell N H; Yu C; He D; Xiang J; Paran N; DiDonato J A; Yamaoka S; Shaul Y; Lin A

AN 2001216984 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 26 OF 104 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN DUPLICATE

AN 2001120976 ESBIOBASE

TI Activation of NF- κ B by hepatitis B virus X protein through an I κ B kinase-independent mechanism

AU Purcell N.H.; Yu C.; He D.; Xiang J.; Paran N.; DiDonato J.A.; Yamaoka S.; Shaul Y.; Lin A.

CS A. Lin, Ben May Inst. for Cancer Research, University of Chicago, MC 6027, 5841 S. Maryland, Chicago, IL 60637, United States.
E-mail: alin@huggins.bsd.uchicago.edu

SO American Journal of Physiology - Gastrointestinal and Liver Physiology, (2001), 280/4 43-4 (G669-G677), 74 reference(s)

CODEN: APGPDF ISSN: 0193-1857

DT Journal; Article

CY United States

LA English

SL English

L85 ANSWER 27 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 21
TI S phase dependence and involvement of NF-kappaB activating kinase to NF-kappaB activation by camptothecin.
SO Biochemical pharmacology, (2001 Sep 1) Vol. 62, No. 5, pp. 603-16.
Journal code: 0101032. ISSN: 0006-2952.
AU Habraken Y; Piret B; Piette J
AN 2001537538 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 28 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 22
TI The green tea polyphenol (-)-epigallocatechin-3-gallate blocks nuclear factor-kappa B activation by inhibiting I kappa B kinase activity in the intestinal epithelial cell line IEC-6.
SO Molecular pharmacology, (2001 Sep) Vol. 60, No. 3, pp. 528-33.
Journal code: 0035623. ISSN: 0026-895X.
AU Yang F; Oz H S; Barve S; de Villiers W J; McClain C J; Varilek G W
AN 2001457157 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 29 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN DUPLICATE 23
TI Activation of I kappa B kinase and its effect in the course of NF-kappa B activation
SO PROGRESS IN BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOPHYSICS, (AUG 2001) Vol. 28, No. 4, pp. 455-458.
ISSN: 1000-3282.
AU Wang Y (Reprint); Huang W H
AN 2001:730345 SCISEARCH

L85 ANSWER 30 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 24
TI GPx-1 gene delivery modulates NFkappaB activation following diverse environmental injuries through a specific subunit of the IKK complex.
SO Antioxidants & redox signaling, (2001 Jun) Vol. 3, No. 3, pp. 415-32.
Journal code: 100888899. ISSN: 1523-0864.
AU Li Q; Sanlioglu S; Li S; Ritchie T; Oberley L; Engelhardt J F
AN 2001444800 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 31 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 25
TI 2-acetylaminofluorene up-regulates rat mdr1b expression through generating reactive oxygen species that activate NF-kappa B pathway.
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L85 ANSWER 32 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 26
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L85 ANSWER 34 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 28
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L85 ANSWER 38 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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L85 ANSWER 39 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 32
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L85 ANSWER 40 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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L85 ANSWER 41 OF 104 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

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L85 ANSWER 43 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 34

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L85 ANSWER 44 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 35

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L85 ANSWER 46 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 37

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L85 ANSWER 47 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 38

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L85 ANSWER 48 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 39
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L85 ANSWER 49 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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L85 ANSWER 50 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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L85 ANSWER 51 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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L85 ANSWER 54 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 42
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L85 ANSWER 55 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 43
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L85 ANSWER 56 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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L85 ANSWER 57 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 44
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L85 ANSWER 59 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 46
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L85 ANSWER 60 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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DN 133:1796

L85 ANSWER 61 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation
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evidence for an essential role of IKK gamma in NF-kappa B activation by
T-cell costimulatory signals and HTLV-I Tax protein

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ISSN: 0950-9232.

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(Reprint)

AN 2000:230136 SCISEARCH

L85 ANSWER 62 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 48

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AN 2000:68117 LIFESCI

L85 ANSWER 63 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 49

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L85 ANSWER 64 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 50

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L85 ANSWER 65 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 51

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L85 ANSWER 66 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 52

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L85 ANSWER 67 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN

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L85 ANSWER 68 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 53

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L85 ANSWER 69 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
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Ferrandon, D.

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L85 ANSWER 70 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 54
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L85 ANSWER 71 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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ISSN: 0009-7322.

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L85 ANSWER 72 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 55
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Journal code: 0410462. ISSN: 0028-0836.

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L85 ANSWER 73 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
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ISSN: 1044-5323.

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L85 ANSWER 74 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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L85 ANSWER 75 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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AN 2001:112217 BIOSIS

L85 ANSWER 76 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 56

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SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

IN Sugita, Takahisa; Sakurai, Hiroaki; Kageyama, Noriko; Hasegawa, Ko
AN 1999:511259 HCAPLUS

DN 131:141477

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|----------------|------|--|-----------------|----------|
| PI WO 9940202 | A1 | 19990812 | WO 1999-JP422 | 19990202 |
| | W: | AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | |
| | RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | |
| AU 9920764 | A | 19990823 | AU 1999-20764 | 19990202 |
| JP 20000197500 | A | 20000718 | JP 1999-26803 | 19990204 |

L85 ANSWER 77 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 57

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Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

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L85 ANSWER 78 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 58

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Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

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L85 ANSWER 79 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 59

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L85 ANSWER 80 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 60

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Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
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L85 ANSWER 81 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 61
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Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
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L85 ANSWER 82 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 62
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Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.
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L85 ANSWER 83 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 63
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Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
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L85 ANSWER 84 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 64
TI Primary human CD4+ T cells contain heterogeneous I kappa B kinase complexes: role in activation of the IL-2 promoter.
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Journal code: 2985117R. ISSN: 0022-1767.
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AN 2000021841 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 85 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 65
TI NF-kappaB p105 is a target of IkappaB kinases and controls signal induction of Bcl-3-p50 complexes.
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Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.
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AN 1999400621 MEDLINE

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L85 ANSWER 16 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 12
AB IKKgamma/NEMO is a protein that is critical for the assembly of the high molecular weight IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. To investigate the role of IKKgamma/NEMO in the assembly of the IKK complex, we conducted a series of experiments in which the chromatographic distribution of extracts prepared from cells transiently expressing epitope-tagged IKKgamma/NEMO and the IKKs were examined. When expressed alone following transfection, IKKalpha and IKKbeta were present in low molecular weight complexes migrating between 200 and 400 kDa. However, when coexpressed with IKKgamma/NEMO, both IKKalpha and IKKbeta migrated at approximately 600 kDa which was similar to the previously described IKK complex that is activated by cytokines such as tumor necrosis factor-alpha. When either IKKalpha or IKKbeta was expressed alone with IKKgamma/NEMO, IKKbeta but not IKKalpha migrated in the higher molecular weight IKK complex. Constitutively active or inactive forms of IKKbeta were both incorporated into the high molecular weight IKK complex in the presence of IKKgamma/NEMO. The amino-terminal region of IKKgamma/NEMO, which interacts directly with IKKbeta, was required for formation of the high molecular weight IKK complex and for stimulation of IKKbeta kinase activity. These results suggest that recruitment of the IKKs into a high molecular complex by IKKgamma/NEMO is a crucial step involved in IKK function.

L85 ANSWER 43 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 34
AB To understand the mechanism of activation of the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex in the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor 1 pathway, we examined the possibility that oligomerization of the IKK complex triggered by ligand-induced trimerization of the TNF receptor 1 complex is responsible for activation of the IKKs. Gel filtration analysis of the IKK complex revealed that TNFalpha stimulation induces a large increase in the size of this complex, suggesting oligomerization. Substitution of the C-terminal region of IKKgamma, which interacts with RIP, with a truncated DR4 lacking its cytoplasmic death domain, produced a molecule that could induce IKK and NF-kappaB activation in cells in response to TRAIL.

Enforced oligomerization of the N terminus of IKKgamma or truncated IKKalpha or IKKbeta lacking their serine-cluster domains can also induce IKK and NF-kappaB activation. These data suggest that IKKgamma functions as a signaling adaptor between the upstream regulators such as RIP and the IKKs and that oligomerization of the IKK complex by upstream regulators is a critical step in activation of this complex.

L85 ANSWER 46 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 37
AB Nod1 is an Apaf-1-like molecule composed of a caspase-recruitment domain (CARD), nucleotide-binding domain, and leucine-rich repeats that associates with the CARD-containing kinase RICK and activates nuclear factor kappaB (NF-kappaB). We show that self-association of Nod1 mediates proximity of RICK and the interaction of RICK with the gamma subunit of the IkappaB kinase (IKKgamma). Similarly, the RICK-related kinase RIP associated via its intermediate region with IKKgamma. A mutant form of IKKgamma deficient in binding to IKKalpha and IKKbeta inhibited NF-kappaB activation induced by RICK or RIP. Enforced oligomerization of RICK or RIP as well as of IKKgamma, IKKalpha, or IKKbeta was sufficient for induction of NF-kappaB activation. Thus, the proximity of RICK, RIP, and IKK complexes may play an important role for NF-kappaB activation during Nod1 oligomerization or trimerization of the tumor necrosis factor alpha receptor.

L85 ANSWER 47 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 38
AB Nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappaB) is a ubiquitous, inducible transcription factor that regulates the initiation and progression of immune and inflammatory stress responses. NF-kappaB activation depends on phosphorylation and degradation of its inhibitor protein, IkappaB, initiated by an IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. This IKK complex includes a catalytic heterodimer composed of IkappaB kinase 1 (IKK1) and IkappaB kinase 2 (IKK2) as well as a regulatory adaptor subunit, NF-kappaB essential modulator. To better understand the role of IKKs in NF-kappaB activation, we have cloned, expressed, purified, and characterized the physiological isoform, the rhIKK1/rhIKK2 heterodimer. We compared its kinetic properties with those of the homodimers rhIKK1 and rhIKK2 and a constitutively active rhIKK2 (S177E, S181E) mutant. We demonstrate activation of these recombinantly expressed IKKs by phosphorylation during expression in a baculoviral system. The K(m) values for ATP and IkappaBalph peptide for the rhIKK1/rhIKK2 heterodimer are 0.63 and 0.60 micrometer, respectively, which are comparable to those of the IKK2 homodimer. However, the purified rhIKK1/rhIKK2 heterodimer exhibits the highest catalytic efficiency (k(cat)/K(m)) of 47.50 h(-1) micrometer(-1) using an IkappaBalph peptide substrate compared with any of the other IKK isoforms, including rhIKK2 (17.44 h(-1) micrometer(-1)), its mutant rhIKK2 (S177E, S181E, 1.18 h(-1) micrometer(-1)), or rhIKK1 (0.02 h(-1) micrometer(-1)). Kinetic analysis also indicates that, although both products of the kinase reaction, ADP and a phosphorylated IkappaBalph peptide, exhibited competitive inhibitory kinetics, only ADP with the low K(i) of 0.77 micrometer may play a physiological role in regulation of the enzyme activity.

L85 ANSWER 49 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AB Pathogens, inflammatory signals, and stress cause acute transcriptional responses in cells. The induced expression of genes in response to these signals invariably involves transcription factors of the NF- κ B and AP-1/ATF families. Activation of NF- κ B factors is thought to be mediated primarily via I κ B kinases (IKK), whereas that of AP-1/ATF can be mediated by stress-activated protein kinases (SAPKs; also named Jun kinases or JNKs). IKK α and IKK β are two catalytic subunits of a core IKK complex that also contains the regulatory subunit NEMO (NF- κ B essential modulator)/IKK γ . The latter protein is essential for activation of the IKKs, but its mechanism of action is not known. Here we describe the mol. cloning of CIKS (connection to IKK and SAPK/JNK), a previously unknown protein that directly interacts with

NEMO/IKK γ in cells. When ectopically expressed, CIKS stimulates IKK and SAPK/JNK kinases and it transactivates an NF- κ B-dependent reporter. Activation of NF- κ B is prevented in the presence of kinase-deficient, interfering mutants of the IKKs. CIKS may help to connect upstream signaling events to IKK and SAPK/JNK modules. CIKS could coordinate the activation of two stress-induced signaling pathways, functions reminiscent of those noted for tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor adaptor proteins.

L85 ANSWER 50 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AB FIP3, isolated as a type 2 adenovirus E3-14.7-kDa interacting protein, is an essential component of the multimeric I κ B- α kinase (IKK) complex and has been shown to interact with various components (Fas receptor-interacting protein, NF- κ B-inducing kinase, IKK β) of the NF- κ B activation pathway. FIP3 has also been shown to repress basal and tumor necrosis factor (TNF) α -induced NF- κ B activity as well as to induce cell death when overexpressed. The adenovirus E3-14.7-kDa protein (E3-14.7K) is an inhibitor of TNF α -induced cell death. In the current study, we generated deletion mutants to map the domains of FIP3, which are responsible for its various functions. The NF- κ B inhibitory activity and the E3-14.7K binding domains were mapped at the carboxyl half of the FIP3 protein. We also found that the carboxyl-terminal half of FIP3 blocked TNF α -induced I κ B- α phosphorylation and subsequent degradation, which suggests that the stabilization of the cytoplasmic inhibitor of NF- κ B underlies the FIP3 inhibition of NF- κ B activity. The amino-terminal 119 amino acids were responsible for the FIP3-IKK β and FIP3-IKK α interaction, and the middle of the protein (amino acids 201-300) appeared to be both the FIP3 self-association domain as well as the FIP3-Fas receptor-interacting protein interaction domain. Thus, FIP3 might serve as a scaffold protein to organize the various components of the I κ B- α kinase complex. Whereas the full-length protein is required for efficient cell death, the amino-terminal 200 amino acids are sufficient to cause rounding and detachment of the cells from the monolayer.

L85 ANSWER 53 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 41

AB NF- κ pA is regulated by inhibitor proteins (IkappaBs), which retain NF- κ pA in the cytoplasm. Signal-induced phosphorylation by the IkappaB-kinase complex containing the IkappaB-kinases 1 and 2 (IKK-1/2 or IKK-alpha/beta) and subsequent degradation of the IkappaB proteins are prerequisites for NF- κ pA activation. Many signals induce NF- κ pA, one of them being oncogenic Raf kinase. We investigated whether NF- κ pA induction is critical for Raf-mediated transformation. Here, we demonstrate that inhibition of NF- κ pA interferes with transformation by the Raf-oncogene, and we characterized the mechanism of NF- κ pA induction by activated Raf kinase and the tumor promoter phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA). NF- κ pA activation by PMA and Raf critically depends on the IkappaB-kinase complex, most notably on IKK-2. A major signaling pathway induced by Raf is the mitogenic cytoplasmic kinase cascade. However, different inhibitors of this cascade do not affect PMA- and Raf-mediated NF- κ pA activation. Raf does not phosphorylate the IkappaB-kinase proteins directly. Raf rather synergizes with another membrane shuttle kinase MEKK1, and Raf-mediated activation of NF- κ pA is blocked by a dominant negative form of MEKK1. These results suggest that Raf induction of NF- κ pA is relayed by MEKK1, but not by the classical mitogenic cytoplasmic kinase cascade.

L85 ANSWER 54 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 42

AB The interferon (IFN)-induced double-stranded RNA-activated protein kinase PKR mediates inhibition of protein synthesis through phosphorylation of the alpha subunit of eukaryotic initiation factor 2 (eIF2alpha) and is also involved in the induction of the IFN gene through the activation of the transcription factor NF- κ pA. NF- κ pA is retained in the

cytoplasm through binding to its inhibitor IkappaBalph α . The critical step in NF-kappaB activation is the phosphorylation of IkappaBalph α by the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. This activity releases NF-kappaB from IkappaBalph α and allows its translocation to the nucleus. Here, we have studied the ability of PKR to activate NF-kappaB in a reporter assay and have shown for the first time that two catalytically inactive PKR mutants, PKR/KR296 and a deletion mutant (PKR/Del42) which lacks the potential eIF2alpha-binding domain, can also activate NF-kappaB. This result indicated that NF-kappaB activation by PKR does not require its kinase activity and that it is independent of the PKR-eIF2alpha relationship. Transfection of either wild-type PKR or catalytically inactive PKR in PKR(0/0) mouse embryo fibroblasts resulted in the activation of the IKK complex. By using a glutathione S-transferase pull-down assay, we showed that PKR interacts with the IKK β subunit of the IKK complex. This interaction apparently does not require the integrity of the IKK complex, as it was found to occur with extracts from cells deficient in the NF-kappaB essential modulator, one of the components of the IKK complex. Therefore, our results reveal a novel pathway by which PKR can modulate the NF-kappaB signaling pathway without using its kinase activity.

L85 ANSWER 56 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AB The phosphorylation of I κ B by the multiprotein I κ B kinase complex (IKC) precedes the activation of transcription factor NF- κ B, a key regulator of the inflammatory response. Here we identified the mixed-lineage group kinase 3 (MLK3) as an activator of NF- κ B. Expression of the wild-type form of this mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase (MAPKKK) induced nuclear immigration, DNA binding, and transcriptional activity of NF- κ B. MLK3 directly phosphorylated and thus activated I κ B kinase alpha (IKK α) and IKK β , revealing its function as an I κ B kinase kinase (IKKK). MLK3 cooperated with the other two IKKKs, MEKK1 and NF- κ B-inducing kinase, in the induction of IKK activity. MLK3 bound to components of the IKC in vivo. This protein-protein interaction was dependent on the central leucine zipper region of MLK3. A kinase-deficient version of MLK3 strongly impaired NF- κ B-dependent transcription induced by T-cell costimulation but not in response to tumor necrosis factor alpha or interleukin-1. Accordingly, endogenous MLK3 was phosphorylated and activated by T-cell costimulation but not by treatment of cells with tumor necrosis factor alpha or interleukin-1. A dominant neg. version of MLK3 inhibited NF- κ B- and CD28RE/AP-dependent transcription elicited by the Rho family GTPases Rac and Cdc42, thereby providing a novel link between these GTPases and the IKC.

L85 ANSWER 62 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 48
AB Besides its known role as a translational controlling factor, the double stranded RNA-dependent protein kinase (PKR) is a key transcriptional regulator exerting antiviral and antitumoural activities. We have recently described that induction of NF- Kappa B by PKR is involved in apoptosis commitment. To define how PKR mediates NF- Kappa B activation by dsRNA, we have used two different approaches, one based on expression of PKR by a vaccinia virus (VV) recombinant and the other based on induction of endogenous PKR by poly I:C (pIC) treatment. We found that NF- Kappa B complexes induced by PKR are composed primarily of p50-p65 heterodimers and also of c-rel-p50 heterodimers. As described for other stimuli, following pIC treatment, PKR phosphorylates the NF- Kappa B inhibitor I Kappa B alpha at serine 32 before degradation. Expression by VV recombinants of IKK1 or IKK2 dominant negative mutants together with PKR showed inhibition of PKR-induced NF- Kappa B activation, as measured both by gel shift and luciferase reporter assays. Immunoprecipitation analysis revealed that PKR interacts with the IKK complex. Our findings demonstrate that physiological function(s) of PKR involve activation of the I Kappa B kinase complex.

AB Signal-induced nuclear expression of the eukaryotic NF-kappaB transcription factor involves the stimulatory action of select mitogen-activated protein kinase kinases on the IkappaB kinases (IKKalpha and IKKbeta) which reside in a macromolecular signaling complex termed the signalsome. While genetic studies indicate that IKKbeta is the principal kinase involved in proinflammatory cytokine-induced IkappaB phosphorylation, the function of the equivalently expressed IKKalpha is less clear. Here we demonstrate that assembly of IKKalpha with IKKbeta in the heterodimeric signalsome serves two important functions: (i) in unstimulated cells, IKKalpha inhibits the constitutive IkappaB kinase activity of IKKbeta; (ii) in activated cells, IKKalpha kinase activity is required for the induction of IKKbeta. The introduction of kinase-inactive IKKalpha, activation loop mutants of IKKalpha, or IKKalpha antisense RNA into 293 or HeLa cells blocks NIK (NF-kappaB-inducing kinase)-induced phosphorylation of the IKKbeta activation loop occurring in functional signalsomes. In contrast, catalytically inactive mutants of IKKbeta do not block NIK-mediated phosphorylation of IKKalpha in these macromolecular signaling complexes. This requirement for kinase-proficient IKKalpha to activate IKKbeta in heterodimeric IKK signalsomes is also observed with other NF-kappaB inducers, including tumor necrosis factor alpha, human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 Tax, Cot, and MEKK1. Conversely, the theta isoform of protein kinase C, which also induces NF-kappaB/Rel, directly targets IKKbeta for phosphorylation and activation, possibly acting through homodimeric IKKbeta complexes. Together, our findings indicate that activation of the heterodimeric IKK complex by a variety of different inducers proceeds in a directional manner and is dependent on the kinase activity of IKKalpha to activate IKKbeta.

L85 ANSWER 64 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 50
AB Phosphorylation of IkappaB by the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex is a critical step leading to IkappaB degradation and activation of transcription factor NF-kappaB. The IKK complex contains two catalytic subunits, IKKalpha and IKKbeta, the latter being indispensable for NF-kappaB activation by pro-inflammatory cytokines. Although IKK is activated by phosphorylation of the IKKbeta activation loop, the physiological IKK kinases that mediate responses to extracellular stimuli remain obscure. Here we describe an IKK-related kinase, named NAK (NF-kappaB-activating kinase), that can activate IKK through direct phosphorylation. NAK induces IkappaB degradation and NF-kappaB activity through IKKbeta. Endogenous NAK is activated by phorbol ester tumour promoters and growth factors, whereas catalytically inactive NAK specifically inhibits activation of NF-kappaB by protein kinase C-epsilon (PKCepsilon). Thus, NAK is an IKK kinase that may mediate IKK and NF-kappaB activation in response to growth factors that stimulate PKCepsilon activity.

L85 ANSWER 66 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 52
AB Here we report the identification of a novel PMA-inducible IkappaB kinase complex, distinct from the well-characterized high-molecular weight IkappaB kinase complex containing IKKalpha, IKKbeta, and IKKgamma. We have characterized one kinase from this complex, which we designate IKKepsilon. Although recombinant IKKepsilon directly phosphorylates only serine 36 of IKKalpha, the PMA-activated endogenous IKKepsilon complex phosphorylates both critical serine residues. Remarkably, this activity is due to the presence of a distinct kinase in this complex. A dominant-negative mutant of IKKepsilon blocks induction of NF-kappaB by both PMA and activation of the T cell receptor but has no effect on the activation of NF-kB by TNFalpha or IL-1. These observations indicate that the activation of NF-kappaB requires multiple distinct IkappaB kinase complexes, which respond to both overlapping and discrete signaling pathways.

L85 ANSWER 67 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
AB Delhase et al. take issue with our claim that Akt induces activation of

NF- Kappa B by phosphorylating IKK alpha , contending that IKK alpha plays no role in the activation by TNF of NF- Kappa B, and consequently that Akt could not affect NF- Kappa B through IKK alpha . They point out that Hu et al. have shown that cells deficient in IKK alpha have normal TNF- Kappa B activity, but this has been refuted by Li et al., who reported significant reduction of TNF-induced NF- Kappa B in IKK alpha -deficient cells.

Indeed, the observations of Hu et al. show that degradation of I Kappa B alpha is diminished in cells from IKK alpha -deficient mice and are therefore not consistent with the conclusion that IKK alpha plays no role in TNF induction of NF- Kappa B. Furthermore, deficiency of IKK beta only partially impairs TNF-induced NF- Kappa B activation, which reserves a role for IKK alpha in this pathway. Others have shown that activation of the IKK complex is dependent on the kinase activity of IKK alpha to activate IKK beta . Thus, strong evidence supports a role for IKK alpha in TNF induction of NF- Kappa B. Delhase et al. only tested the role of Akt on NF- Kappa B activation in HeLa cells in which they did not observe activation of Akt by TNF. As the involvement of inflammatory stimuli, including TNF, TRAF-6, IL-1 and LPS in PI(3)K/Akt activation is well documented, Delhase et al. should have investigated the Akt/NF- Kappa B connection in some of these systems.

L85 ANSWER 70 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 54
AB The NF-kappaB family of transcription factors plays a crucial role in the immune, inflammatory and apoptotic responses. These proteins are normally found in the cytoplasm, retained by interaction with an inhibitory molecule called IkappaB. Activation of the NF-kappaB signalling cascade results in phosphorylation and degradation of IkappaB, allowing nuclear translocation of the NF-kappaB complexes. The recent identification of a high-molecular-weight complex containing two kinases and a regulatory subunit has led to a flurry of new results that shed light on some of the most complex mechanisms contributing to the exquisite regulation of NF-kappaB activity.

L85 ANSWER 71 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

L85 ANSWER 72 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 55
AB NF-kappaB is a critical activator of genes involved in inflammation and immunity. Pro-inflammatory cytokines activate the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex that phosphorylates the NF-kappaB inhibitors, triggering their conjugation with ubiquitin and subsequent degradation. Freed NF-kappaB dimers translocate to the nucleus and induce target genes, including the one for cyclo-oxygenase 2 (COX2), which catalyses the synthesis of pro-inflammatory prostaglandins, in particular PGE. At late stages of inflammatory episodes, however, COX2 directs the synthesis of anti-inflammatory cyclopentenone prostaglandins, suggesting a role for these molecules in the resolution of inflammation. Cyclopentenone prostaglandins have been suggested to exert anti-inflammatory activity through the activation of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor-gamma. Here we demonstrate a novel mechanism of antiinflammatory activity which is based on the direct inhibition and modification of the IKKbeta subunit of IKK. As IKKbeta is responsible for the activation of NF-kappaB by pro-inflammatory stimuli, our findings explain how cyclopentenone prostaglandins function and can be used to improve the utility of COX2 inhibitors.

L85 ANSWER 73 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
AB NF- Kappa B is a heterodimeric transcription factor that plays a key role in inflammatory and immune responses. In nonstimulated cells, NF- Kappa B dimers are maintained in the cytoplasm through interaction with inhibitory proteins, the I Kappa Bs. In response to cell stimulation, mainly by proinflammatory cytokines, a multisubunit protein kinase, the I Kappa B kinase (IKK), is rapidly activated and phosphorylates two critical serines in the N-terminal regulatory domain of the I Kappa Bs. Phosphorylated I

Kappa Bs are recognized by a specific E3 ubiquitin ligase complex and undergo polyubiquitination which targets them for rapid degradation by the 26S proteasome. NF- Kappa B dimers, which are spared from degradation, translocate to the nucleus to activate gene transcription. There is strong biochemical and genetic evidence that the IKK complex, which consists of two catalytic subunits, IKK alpha and IKK beta , and a regulatory subunit, IKK gamma , is the master regulator of NF- Kappa B-mediated innate immune and inflammatory responses. In the absence of IKK gamma , which normally connects IKK to upstream activators, no IKK or NF- Kappa B activation can occur. Surprisingly, however, of the two catalytic subunits, only IKK beta is essential for NF- Kappa B activation in response to proinflammatory stimuli. The second catalytic subunit, IKK alpha , plays a critical role in developmental processes, in particular formation and differentiation of the epidermis.

L85 ANSWER 81 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 61
AB Rel/NF-kappaB transcription factors are primarily regulated by association with inhibitor IkappaB proteins. Thus, in most cells NF-kappaB exists in the cytoplasm in an inactive complex bound to IkappaB. Most agents that activate NF-kappaB do so through a common pathway based on phosphorylation-induced, proteasome-mediated degradation of IkappaB. The key regulatory step in this pathway

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * STN Columbus * * * * * * * * * * * * *

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:59:24 ON 22 JAN 2008

=> fil .bec
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

FILES 'MEDLINE, SCISEARCH, LIFESCI, BIOTECHDS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, HCPLUS, NTIS,
ESBIOBASE, BIOTECHNO, WPIDS' ENTERED AT 11:59:48 ON 22 JAN 2008
ALL COPYRIGHTS AND RESTRICTIONS APPLY. SEE HELP USAGETERMS FOR DETAILS.

11 FILES IN THE FILE LIST

=> s ikk?
FILE 'MEDLINE'
L1 3116 IKK?

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
L2 2633 IKK?

FILE 'LIFESCI'
L3 993 IKK?

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
L4 109 IKK?

FILE 'BIOSIS'
L5 2462 IKK?

FILE 'EMBASE'
L6 1886 IKK?

FILE 'HCPLUS'
L7 2597 IKK?

FILE 'NTIS'
L8 69 IKK?

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
L9 1640 IKK?

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
L10 490 IKK?

FILE 'WPIDS'
L11 279 IKK?

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L12 16274 IKK?

=> s l12(5a)complex?
FILE 'MEDLINE'
712679 COMPLEX?
L13 445 L1 (5A)COMPLEX?

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
1284180 COMPLEX?
L14 472 L2 (5A)COMPLEX?

FILE 'LIFESCI'
233633 COMPLEX?
L15 276 L3 (5A)COMPLEX?

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 32542 COMPLEX?
L16 7 L4 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 726300 COMPLEX?
L17 486 L5 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'EMBASE'
 627452 COMPLEX?
L18 412 L6 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 1789332 COMPLEX?
L19 485 L7 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'NTIS'
 85057 COMPLEX?
L20 10 L8 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 291286 COMPLEX?
L21 387 L9 (5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 170931 COMPLEX?
L22 171 L10(5A) COMPLEX?

FILE 'WPIDS'
 248039 COMPLEX?
L23 19 L11(5A) COMPLEX?

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L24 3170 L12(5A) COMPLEX?

=> s l24(15a) (express? or coexpress?)

FILE 'MEDLINE'
 1159171 EXPRESS?
 15512 COEXPRESS?
L25 26 L13(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 1482015 EXPRESS?
 15947 COEXPRESS?
L26 25 L14(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 475906 EXPRESS?
 7507 COEXPRESS?
L27 28 L15(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 164701 EXPRESS?
 818 COEXPRESS?
L28 2 L16(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 1409296 EXPRESS?
 15735 COEXPRESS?
L29 29 L17(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'EMBASE'
 1066834 EXPRESS?
 14679 COEXPRESS?
L30 22 L18(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 1408902 EXPRESS?
 14817 COEXPRESS?
L31 26 L19(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'NTIS'
 41785 EXPRESS?
 39 COEXPRESS?
L32 3 L20(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 681964 EXPRESS?
 11527 COEXPRESS?
L33 42 L21(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 452182 EXPRESS?
 7587 COEXPRESS?
L34 17 L22(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

FILE 'WPIDS'
 155738 EXPRESS?
 212 COEXPRESS?
L35 3 L23(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L36 223 L24(15A) (EXPRESS? OR COEXPRESS?)

=> s 124(15a) (yeast or saccharomyces)

FILE 'MEDLINE'
 99971 YEAST
 84135 SACCHAROMYCES
L37 1 L13(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 131926 YEAST
 85192 SACCHAROMYCES
L38 1 L14(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 70208 YEAST
 42153 SACCHAROMYCES
L39 0 L15(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 45631 YEAST
 15167 SACCHAROMYCES
L40 1 L16(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 157519 YEAST
 83697 SACCHAROMYCES
L41 1 L17(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'EMBASE'
 88908 YEAST
 48270 SACCHAROMYCES
L42 1 L18(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 212458 YEAST
 93026 SACCHAROMYCES
L43 4 L19(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'NTIS'
 1468 YEAST
 486 SACCHAROMYCES
L44 0 L20(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 58317 YEAST
 27061 SACCHAROMYCES
L45 1 L21(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 50373 YEAST
 29288 SACCHAROMYCES
L46 1 L22(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

FILE 'WPIDS'
 38851 YEAST
 6503 SACCHAROMYCES
L47 1 L23(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L48 12 L24(15A) (YEAST OR SACCHAROMYCES)

=> s (136 or 148) not 2002-2008/pY

FILE 'MEDLINE'
 3729737 2002-2008/PY
 (20020000-20089999/PY)
L49 9 (L25 OR L37) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
 6863021 2002-2008/PY
 (20020000-20089999/PY)
L50 8 (L26 OR L38) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 791718 2002-2008/PY
L51 9 (L27 OR L39) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 157248 2002-2008/PY
L52 0 (L28 OR L40) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 3370680 2002-2008/PY
L53 10 (L29 OR L41) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'EMBASE'
 3286962 2002-2008/PY
L54 8 (L30 OR L42) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 7234888 2002-2008/PY
L55 10 (L31 OR L43) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'NTIS'
 99791 2002-2008/PY
L56 1 (L32 OR L44) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 1931750 2002-2008/PY
L57 12 (L33 OR L45) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 244553 2002-2008/PY
L58 10 (L34 OR L46) NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'WPIDS'
5896744 2002-2008/PY
L59 0 (L35 OR L47) NOT 2002-2008/PY

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L60 77 (L36 OR L48) NOT 2002-2008/PY

=> s l24(15a)activat?
FILE 'MEDLINE'
864732 ACTIVAT?
L61 258 L13(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
989327 ACTIVAT?
L62 245 L14(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'LIFESCI'
283833 ACTIVAT?
L63 168 L15(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
33849 ACTIVAT?
L64 2 L16(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'BIOSIS'
898689 ACTIVAT?
L65 259 L17(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'EMBASE'
779739 ACTIVAT?
L66 232 L18(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
1403184 ACTIVAT?
L67 270 L19(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'NTIS'
29872 ACTIVAT?
L68 2 L20(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
402269 ACTIVAT?
L69 229 L21(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
233622 ACTIVAT?
L70 98 L22(15A)ACTIVAT?

FILE 'WPIDS'
309061 ACTIVAT?
L71 4 L23(15A)ACTIVAT?

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L72 1767 L24(15A) ACTIVAT?

=> s l72 not 2002-2008/py
FILE 'MEDLINE'
3729737 2002-2008/PY
(20020000-20089999/PY)
L73 69 L61 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'SCISEARCH'
6863021 2002-2008/PY
(20020000-20089999/PY)

L74 70 L62 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'LIFESCI'
 791718 2002-2008/PY

L75 54 L63 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHDS'
 157248 2002-2008/PY

L76 0 L64 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOSIS'
 3370680 2002-2008/PY

L77 71 L65 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'EMBASE'
 3286962 2002-2008/PY

L78 65 L66 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'HCAPLUS'
 7234888 2002-2008/PY

L79 80 L67 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'NTIS'
 99791 2002-2008/PY

L80 0 L68 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'ESBIOBASE'
 1931750 2002-2008/PY

L81 70 L69 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'BIOTECHNO'
 244553 2002-2008/PY

L82 60 L70 NOT 2002-2008/PY

FILE 'WPIDS'
 5896744 2002-2008/PY

L83 1 L71 NOT 2002-2008/PY

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L84 540 L72 NOT 2002-2008/PY

=> dup rem 184
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L84
L85 104 DUP REM L84 (436 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d tot

L85 ANSWER 1 OF 104 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V.
on STN

AN 2007312024 ESBIOBASE

TI Glutathione depletion down-regulates tumor necrosis factor
α-induced NF-κB activity via IκB kinase-dependent and
-independent mechanisms

AU Lou H.; Kaplowitz N.

CS N. Kaplowitz, Keck School of Medicine, University of Southern California,
HMR101, 2011 Zonal Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90033, United States.
E-mail: kaplowit@usc.edu

SO Journal of Biological Chemistry, (05 OCT 2007), 282/40 (29470-29481), 42
reference(s)

DT CODEN: JBCHA3 ISSN: 0021-9258 E-ISSN: 1083-351X

CY Journal; Article

CY United States

LA English

SL English

L85 ANSWER 2 OF 104 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V.
on STN

AN 2007311536 ESBIOBASE

TI Activation of a subset of genes by IFN- γ requires IKK β but not interferon-dependent activation of NF- κ B

AU Shultz D.B.; Fuller J.D.; Yang Y.; Sizemore N.; Rani M.R.S.; Stark G.R.

CS Dr. G.R. Stark, Department of Molecular Genetics, Cleveland Clinic, 9500 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44195, United States.
E-mail: starkg@ccf.org

SO Journal of Interferon and Cytokine Research, (2007), 27/10 (875-883), 24 reference(s)

CODEN: JICRFJ ISSN: 1079-9907

DT Journal; Article

CY United States

LA English

SL English

L85 ANSWER 3 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI NF- κ B-activating kinase NAK is an I κ B kinase-activating kinase

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

IN Nakanishi, Makoto; Nakayama, Keiichi

AN 2001:767272 HCAPLUS

DN 135:328745

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------|-------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| PI JP 2001292779 | A | 20011023 | JP 2000-110481 | 20000412 |

L85 ANSWER 4 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

TI Complete reconstitution of human IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex in yeast. Assessment of its stoichiometry and the role of IKKgamma on the complex activity in the absence of stimulation.

SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Sep 28) Vol. 276, No. 39, pp. 36320-6. Electronic Publication: 2001-07-24.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

AU Miller B S; Zandi E

AN 2001522209 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 5 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2

TI Calmodulin-dependent kinase II mediates T cell receptor/CD3- and phorbol ester-induced activation of IkappaB kinase.

SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Sep 21) Vol. 276, No. 38, pp. 36008-13. Electronic Publication: 2001-07-24.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

AU Hughes K; Edin S; Antonsson A; Grundstrom T

AN 2001512053 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 6 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 3

TI Cytokine-induced activation of nuclear factor-kappa B is inhibited by hydrogen peroxide through oxidative inactivation of IkappaB kinase.

SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Sep 21) Vol. 276, No. 38, pp. 35693-700. Electronic Publication: 2001-07-30.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

AU Korn S H; Wouters E F; Vos N; Janssen-Heininger Y M

AN 2001512027 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 7 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 4

TI Identification of a novel A20-binding inhibitor of nuclear factor-kappa B activation termed ABIN-2.

SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Aug 10) Vol. 276, No. 32, pp. 30216-23. Electronic Publication: 2001-06-04.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

AU Van Huffel S; Delaei F; Heyninck K; De Valck D; Beyaert R

AN 2001441674 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 8 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5
TI The PTEN tumor suppressor protein inhibits tumor necrosis factor-induced nuclear factor kappa B activity.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Jul 20) Vol. 276, No. 29, pp. 27740-4. Electronic Publication: 2001-05-16.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Gustin J A; Maehama T; Dixon J E; Donner D B
AN 2001403609 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 9 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 6
TI Bcl10 and MALT1, independent targets of chromosomal translocation in malt lymphoma, cooperate in a novel NF-kappa B signaling pathway.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Jun 1) Vol. 276, No. 22, pp. 19012-9. Electronic Publication: 2001-03-21.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Lucas P C; Yonezumi M; Inohara N; McAllister-Lucas L M; Abazeed M E; Chen F F; Yamaoka S; Seto M; Nunez G
AN 2001328391 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 10 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 7
TI Novel NEMO/IkappaB kinase and NF-kappa B target genes at the pre-B to immature B cell transition.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 25) Vol. 276, No. 21, pp. 18579-90. Electronic Publication: 2001-02-21.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Li J; Peet G W; Balzarano D; Li X; Massa P; Barton R W; Marcu K B
AN 2001316128 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 11 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 8
TI Inhibition of the nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappa B) pathway by tetracyclic kaurene diterpenes in macrophages. Specific effects on NF-kappa B-inducing kinase activity and on the coordinate activation of ERK and p38 MAPK.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 11) Vol. 276, No. 19, pp. 15854-60. Electronic Publication: 2001-02-09.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Castrillo A; de Las Heras B; Hortelano S; Rodriguez B; Villar A; Bosca L
AN 2001291007 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 12 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 9
TI Effects of the NIK aly mutation on NF-kappaB activation by the Epstein-Barr virus latent infection membrane protein, lymphotoxin beta receptor, and CD40.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 May 4) Vol. 276, No. 18, pp. 14602-6. Electronic Publication: 2001-03-14.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Luftig M A; Cahir-McFarland E; Mosialos G; Kieff E
AN 2001370772 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 13 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Tumor suppressor MMAC/PTEN inhibits cytokine-induced NF κ B activation without interfering with the I κ B degradation pathway
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (2001), 276(14), 11402-11408
CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258
AU Koul, Dimpy; Yao, Yixin; Abbruzzese, James L.; Yung, W. K. Alfred; Reddy, Shrikanth A. G.
AN 2001:395052 HCAPLUS
DN 135:150793

L85 ANSWER 14 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 10
TI Activation of NF-kappa B by nontypeable *Hemophilus influenzae* is mediated by toll-like receptor 2-TAK1-dependent NIK-IKK alpha /beta-I kappa B alpha and MKK3/6-p38 MAP kinase signaling pathways in epithelial cells.
SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, (2001 Jul 17) Vol. 98, No. 15, pp. 8774-9. Electronic

Publication: 2001-07-03.
Journal code: 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.
AU Shuto T; Xu H; Wang B; Han J; Kai H; Gu X X; Murphy T F; Lim D J; Li J D
AN 2001419650 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 15 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 11
TI Activation of nuclear factor kappaB through the IKK complex by the topoisomerase poisons SN38 and doxorubicin: a brake to apoptosis in HeLa human carcinoma cells.
SO Cancer research, (2001 Nov 1) Vol. 61, No. 21, pp. 7785-91.
Journal code: 2984705R. ISSN: 0008-5472.
AU Bottero V; Busuttil V; Loubat A; Magne N; Fischel J L; Milano G; Peyron J F
AN 2001648412 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 16 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 12
TI Role of IKKgamma/nemo in assembly of the Ikappa B kinase complex.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Feb 9) Vol. 276, No. 6, pp. 4494-500. Electronic Publication: 2000-11-15.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Li X H; Fang X; Gaynor R B
AN 2001268720 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 17 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 13
TI vCLAP, a caspase-recruitment domain-containing protein of equine Herpesvirus-2, persistently activates the Ikappa B kinases through oligomerization of IKKgamma.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Feb 2) Vol. 276, No. 5, pp. 3183-7. Electronic Publication: 2000-12-11.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Poyet J L; Srinivasula S M; Alnemri E S
AN 2001269967 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 18 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 14
TI Activation of the I kappa B alpha kinase (IKK) complex by double-stranded RNA-binding defective and catalytic inactive mutants of the interferon-inducible protein kinase PKR.
SO Oncogene, (2001 Apr 5) Vol. 20, No. 15, pp. 1900-12.
Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
AU Ishii T; Kwon H; Hiscott J; Mosialos G; Koromilas A E
AN 2001237349 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 19 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 15
TI Mutations in the Drosophila dTAK1 gene reveal a conserved function for MAPKKks in the control of rel/NF-kappaB-dependent innate immune responses.
SO Genes & development, (2001 Aug 1) Vol. 15, No. 15, pp. 1900-12.
Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.
AU Vidal S; Khush R S; Leulier F; Tzou P; Nakamura M; Lemaitre B
AN 2001440010 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 20 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 16
TI Conjugated polyhydroxybenzene derivatives block tumor necrosis factor-alpha-mediated nuclear factor-kappaB activation and cyclooxygenase-2 gene transcription by targeting IkappaB kinase activity.
SO Molecular pharmacology, (2001 Dec) Vol. 60, No. 6, pp. 1439-48.
Journal code: 0035623. ISSN: 0026-895X.
AU Chen C C; Chiu K T; Chan S T; Chern J W
AN 2001677285 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 21 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 17
TI Induction of monocyte chemoattractant protein 1 by Helicobacter pylori involves NF-kappaB.
SO Infection and immunity, (2001 Mar) Vol. 69, No. 3, pp. 1280-6.
Journal code: 0246127. ISSN: 0019-9567.
AU Mori N; Ueda A; Gelezunas R; Wada A; Hirayama T; Yoshimura T; Yamamoto N

AN 2001285342 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 22 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

TI NIK-associated protein (NAP), a negative regulator of TNF signaling.

SO FASEB Journal, (March 8, 2001) Vol. 15, No. 5, pp. A1040. print.

Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001. Orlando, Florida, USA. March 31-April 04, 2001.

CODEN: FAJOEC. ISSN: 0892-6638.

AU Hu, Wen-Hui [Reprint author]; Walters, Winston [Reprint author]; White, Michael [Reprint author]; Dietrich, W. Dalton [Reprint author]; Bethea, John R. [Reprint author]

AN 2001:257979 BIOSIS

L85 ANSWER 23 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 18

TI Modulation of gene expression by (-)-epigallocatechin gallate in PC-9 cells using a cDNA expression array.

SO Biological & pharmaceutical bulletin, (2001 Aug) Vol. 24, No. 8, pp. 883-6.

Journal code: 9311984. ISSN: 0918-6158.

AU Okabe S; Fujimoto N; Sueoka N; Suganuma M; Fujiki H

AN 2001466101 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 24 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

TI CD40 signaling in B cells regulates the expression of pim-1 via the NF-kappaB pathway.

SO FASEB Journal, (March 7, 2001) Vol. 15, No. 4, pp. A703. print.

Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology on Experimental Biology 2001. Orlando, Florida, USA. March 31-April 04, 2001.

CODEN: FAJOEC. ISSN: 0892-6638.

AU Zhu, Mindy [Reprint author]; Ramirez, Luis; Lee, Rosaline [Reprint author]; Pelech, Steve; Bishop, Gail; Gold, Michael [Reprint author]

AN 2001:276736 BIOSIS

L85 ANSWER 25 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 19

TI Activation of NF-kappaB by hepatitis B virus X protein through an IkappaB kinase-independent mechanism.

SO American journal of physiology. Gastrointestinal and liver physiology, (2001 Apr) Vol. 280, No. 4, pp. G669-77.

Journal code: 100901227. ISSN: 0193-1857.

AU Purcell N H; Yu C; He D; Xiang J; Paran N; DiDonato J A; Yamaoka S; Shaul Y; Lin A

AN 2001216984 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 26 OF 104 Elsevier BIOBASE COPYRIGHT 2008 Elsevier Science B.V. on STN DUPLICATE

AN 2001120976 ESBIOBASE

TI Activation of NF- κ B by hepatitis B virus X protein through an I κ B kinase-independent mechanism

AU Purcell N.H.; Yu C.; He D.; Xiang J.; Paran N.; DiDonato J.A.; Yamaoka S.; Shaul Y.; Lin A.

CS A. Lin, Ben May Inst. for Cancer Research, University of Chicago, MC 6027, 5841 S. Maryland, Chicago, IL 60637, United States.
E-mail: alin@hugginsbsd.uchicago.edu

SO American Journal of Physiology - Gastrointestinal and Liver Physiology, (2001), 280/4 43-4 (G669-G677), 74 reference(s)

CODEN: APGPDF ISSN: 0193-1857

DT Journal; Article

CY United States

LA English

SL English

L85 ANSWER 27 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 21
TI S phase dependence and involvement of NF-kappaB activating kinase to
NF-kappaB activation by camptothecin.
SO Biochemical pharmacology, (2001 Sep 1) Vol. 62, No. 5, pp. 603-16.
Journal code: 0101032. ISSN: 0006-2952.
AU Habraken Y; Piret B; Piette J
AN 2001537538 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 28 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 22
TI The green tea polyphenol (-)-epigallocatechin-3-gallate blocks nuclear
factor-kappa B activation by inhibiting I kappa B kinase activity in the
intestinal epithelial cell line IEC-6.
SO Molecular pharmacology, (2001 Sep) Vol. 60, No. 3, pp. 528-33.
Journal code: 0035623. ISSN: 0026-895X.
AU Yang F; Oz H S; Barve S; de Villiers W J; McClain C J; Varilek G W
AN 2001457157 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 29 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation
on STN DUPLICATE 23
TI Activation of I kappa B kinase and its effect in the course of NF-kappa B
activation
SO PROGRESS IN BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOPHYSICS, (AUG 2001) Vol. 28, No. 4, pp.
455-458.
ISSN: 1000-3282.
AU Wang Y (Reprint); Huang W H
AN 2001:730345 SCISEARCH

L85 ANSWER 30 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 24
TI GPx-1 gene delivery modulates NFkappaB activation following
diverse environmental injuries through a specific subunit of the
IKK complex.
SO Antioxidants & redox signaling, (2001 Jun) Vol. 3, No. 3, pp. 415-32.
Journal code: 100888899. ISSN: 1523-0864.
AU Li Q; Sanlioglu S; Li S; Ritchie T; Oberley L; Engelhardt J F
AN 2001444800 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 31 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 25
TI 2-acetylaminofluorene up-regulates rat mdr1b expression through generating
reactive oxygen species that activate NF-kappa B pathway.
SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2001 Jan 5) Vol. 276, No. 1, pp.
413-20.
Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.
AU Deng L; Lin-Lee Y C; Claret F X; Kuo M T
AN 2001112672 MEDLINE

L85 ANSWER 32 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 26
TI The catalytic activity of dsRNA-dependent protein kinase, PKR, is required
for NF-kappaB activation.
SO Oncogene, (2001 Jan 18) Vol. 20, No. 3, pp. 385-94.
Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.
AU Gil J; Rullas J; Garcia M A; Alcamí J; Esteban M
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L85 ANSWER 40 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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L85 ANSWER 41 OF 104 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

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L85 ANSWER 46 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 37

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L85 ANSWER 48 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 39
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L85 ANSWER 50 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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L85 ANSWER 51 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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L85 ANSWER 54 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 42
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L85 ANSWER 55 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 43
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L85 ANSWER 57 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 44
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L85 ANSWER 61 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation
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(Reprint)

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L85 ANSWER 62 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 48

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L85 ANSWER 63 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 49

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L85 ANSWER 65 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 51

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L85 ANSWER 66 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 52

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L85 ANSWER 68 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 53

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L85 ANSWER 69 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
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L85 ANSWER 71 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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ISSN: 0009-7322.

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L85 ANSWER 72 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 55
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L85 ANSWER 73 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
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L85 ANSWER 75 OF 104 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN
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L85 ANSWER 76 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 56

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SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

IN Sugita, Takahisa; Sakurai, Hiroaki; Kageyama, Noriko; Hasegawa, Ko

AN 1999:511259 HCAPLUS

DN 131:141477

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------|------|--|-----------------|----------|
| PI WO 9940202 | A1 | 19990812 | WO 1999-JP422 | 19990202 |
| | W: | AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | |
| | RW: | GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | |
| AU 9920764 | A | 19990823 | AU 1999-20764 | 19990202 |
| JP 2000197500 | A | 20000718 | JP 1999-26803 | 19990204 |

L85 ANSWER 77 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 57

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Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

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L85 ANSWER 78 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 58

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L85 ANSWER 79 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 59

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L85 ANSWER 80 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 60

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Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

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L85 ANSWER 81 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 61
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Journal code: 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.

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L85 ANSWER 82 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 62
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Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.

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L85 ANSWER 83 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 63
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L85 ANSWER 84 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 64
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SO Journal of immunology (Baltimore, Md. : 1950), (1999 Nov 15) Vol. 163, No. 10, pp. 5444-52.
Journal code: 2985117R. ISSN: 0022-1767.

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L85 ANSWER 85 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 65
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Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.

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L85 ANSWER 86 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 66
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Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

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L85 ANSWER 87 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 67
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L85 ANSWER 16 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 12
AB IKKgamma/NEMO is a protein that is critical for the assembly of the high
molecular weight IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. To investigate the role of
IKKgamma/NEMO in the assembly of the IKK complex, we conducted a series of
experiments in which the chromatographic distribution of extracts prepared
from cells transiently expressing epitope-tagged IKKgamma/NEMO and the
IKKs were examined. When expressed alone following transfection, IKKalpha
and IKKbeta were present in low molecular weight complexes migrating
between 200 and 400 kDa. However, when coexpressed with IKKgamma/NEMO,
both IKKalpha and IKKbeta migrated at approximately 600 kDa which was
similar to the previously described IKK complex that
is activated by cytokines such as tumor necrosis factor-alpha.
When either IKKalpha or IKKbeta was expressed alone with IKKgamma/NEMO,
IKKbeta but not IKKalpha migrated in the higher molecular weight IKK
complex. Constitutively active or inactive forms of IKKbeta were both
incorporated into the high molecular weight IKK complex in the presence of
IKKgamma/NEMO. The amino-terminal region of IKKgamma/NEMO, which
interacts directly with IKKbeta, was required for formation of the high
molecular weight IKK complex and for stimulation of IKKbeta kinase
activity. These results suggest that recruitment of the IKKs into a high
molecular complex by IKKgamma/NEMO is a crucial step involved in IKK
function.

L85 ANSWER 43 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 34
AB To understand the mechanism of activation of the IkappaB kinase
(IKK) complex in the tumor necrosis factor (TNF)
receptor 1 pathway, we examined the possibility that oligomerization of
the IKK complex triggered by ligand-induced
trimerization of the TNF receptor 1 complex is responsible for
activation of the IKKs. Gel filtration analysis of the IKK
complex revealed that TNFalpha stimulation induces a large increase in the
size of this complex, suggesting oligomerization. Substitution of the
C-terminal region of IKKgamma, which interacts with RIP, with a truncated
DR4 lacking its cytoplasmic death domain, produced a molecule that could
induce IKK and NF-kappaB activation in cells in response to TRAIL.

Enforced oligomerization of the N terminus of IKKgamma or truncated IKKalpha or IKKbeta lacking their serine-cluster domains can also induce IKK and NF-kappaB activation. These data suggest that IKKgamma functions as a signaling adaptor between the upstream regulators such as RIP and the IKKs and that oligomerization of the IKK complex by upstream regulators is a critical step in activation of this complex.

L85 ANSWER 46 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 37
AB Nod1 is an Apaf-1-like molecule composed of a caspase-recruitment domain (CARD), nucleotide-binding domain, and leucine-rich repeats that associates with the CARD-containing kinase RICK and activates nuclear factor kappaB (NF-kappaB). We show that self-association of Nod1 mediates proximity of RICK and the interaction of RICK with the gamma subunit of the IkappaB kinase (IKKgamma). Similarly, the RICK-related kinase RIP associated via its intermediate region with IKKgamma. A mutant form of IKKgamma deficient in binding to IKKalpha and IKKbeta inhibited NF-kappaB activation induced by RICK or RIP. Enforced oligomerization of RICK or RIP as well as of IKKgamma, IKKalpha, or IKKbeta was sufficient for induction of NF-kappaB activation. Thus, the proximity of RICK, RIP, and IKK complexes may play an important role for NF-kappaB activation during Nod1 oligomerization or trimerization of the tumor necrosis factor alpha receptor.

L85 ANSWER 47 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 38
AB Nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappaB) is a ubiquitous, inducible transcription factor that regulates the initiation and progression of immune and inflammatory stress responses. NF-kappaB activation depends on phosphorylation and degradation of its inhibitor protein, IkappaB, initiated by an IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. This IKK complex includes a catalytic heterodimer composed of IkappaB kinase 1 (IKK1) and IkappaB kinase 2 (IKK2) as well as a regulatory adaptor subunit, NF-kappaB essential modulator. To better understand the role of IKKs in NF-kappaB activation, we have cloned, expressed, purified, and characterized the physiological isoform, the rhIKK1/rhIKK2 heterodimer. We compared its kinetic properties with those of the homodimers rhIKK1 and rhIKK2 and a constitutively active rhIKK2 (S177E, S181E) mutant. We demonstrate activation of these recombinantly expressed IKKs by phosphorylation during expression in a baculoviral system. The K(m) values for ATP and IkappaBalphal peptide for the rhIKK1/rhIKK2 heterodimer are 0.63 and 0.60 micrometer, respectively, which are comparable to those of the IKK2 homodimer. However, the purified rhIKK1/rhIKK2 heterodimer exhibits the highest catalytic efficiency (k(cat)/K(m)) of 47.50 h(-1) micrometer(-1) using an IkappaBalphal peptide substrate compared with any of the other IKK isoforms, including rhIKK2 (17.44 h(-1) micrometer(-1)), its mutant rhIKK2 (S177E, S181E, 1.18 h(-1) micrometer(-1)), or rhIKK1 (0.02 h(-1) micrometer(-1)). Kinetic analysis also indicates that, although both products of the kinase reaction, ADP and a phosphorylated IkappaBalphal peptide, exhibited competitive inhibitory kinetics, only ADP with the low K(i) of 0.77 micrometer may play a physiological role in regulation of the enzyme activity.

L85 ANSWER 49 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AB Pathogens, inflammatory signals, and stress cause acute transcriptional responses in cells. The induced expression of genes in response to these signals invariably involves transcription factors of the NF- κ B and AP-1/ATF families. Activation of NF- κ B factors is thought to be mediated primarily via I κ B kinases (IKK), whereas that of AP-1/ATF can be mediated by stress-activated protein kinases (SAPKs; also named Jun kinases or JNKs). IKK α and IKK β are two catalytic subunits of a core IKK complex that also contains the regulatory subunit NEMO (NF- κ B essential modulator)/IKK γ . The latter protein is essential for activation of the IKKs, but its mechanism of action is not known. Here we describe the mol. cloning of CIKS (connection to IKK and SAPK/JNK), a previously unknown protein that directly interacts with

NEMO/IKK γ in cells. When ectopically expressed, CIKS stimulates IKK and SAPK/JNK kinases and it transactivates an NF- κ B-dependent reporter. Activation of NF- κ B is prevented in the presence of kinase-deficient, interfering mutants of the IKKs. CIKS may help to connect upstream signaling events to IKK and SAPK/JNK modules. CIKS could coordinate the activation of two stress-induced signaling pathways, functions reminiscent of those noted for tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor adaptor proteins.

L85 ANSWER 50 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

AB FIP3, isolated as a type 2 adenovirus E3-14.7-kDa interacting protein, is an essential component of the multimeric I κ B- α kinase (IKK) complex and has been shown to interact with various components (Fas receptor-interacting protein, NF- κ B-inducing kinase, IKK β) of the NF- κ B activation pathway. FIP3 has also been shown to repress basal and tumor necrosis factor (TNF) α -induced NF- κ B activity as well as to induce cell death when overexpressed. The adenovirus E3-14.7-kDa protein (E3-14.7K) is an inhibitor of TNF α -induced cell death. In the current study, we generated deletion mutants to map the domains of FIP3, which are responsible for its various functions. The NF- κ B inhibitory activity and the E3-14.7K binding domains were mapped at the carboxyl half of the FIP3 protein. We also found that the carboxyl-terminal half of FIP3 blocked TNF α -induced I κ B- α phosphorylation and subsequent degradation, which suggests that the stabilization of the cytoplasmic inhibitor of NF- κ B underlies the FIP3 inhibition of NF- κ B activity. The amino-terminal 119 amino acids were responsible for the FIP3-IKK β and FIP3-IKK α interaction, and the middle of the protein (amino acids 201-300) appeared to be both the FIP3 self-association domain as well as the FIP3-Fas receptor-interacting protein interaction domain. Thus, FIP3 might serve as a scaffold protein to organize the various components of the I κ B- α kinase complex. Whereas the full-length protein is required for efficient cell death, the amino-terminal 200 amino acids are sufficient to cause rounding and detachment of the cells from the monolayer.

L85 ANSWER 53 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 41

AB NF-kappaB is regulated by inhibitor proteins (IkappaBs), which retain NF-kappaB in the cytoplasm. Signal-induced phosphorylation by the IkappaB-kinase complex containing the IkappaB-kinases 1 and 2 (IKK-1/2 or IKK-alpha/beta) and subsequent degradation of the IkappaB proteins are prerequisites for NF-kappaB activation. Many signals induce NF-kappaB, one of them being oncogenic Raf kinase. We investigated whether NF-kappaB induction is critical for Raf-mediated transformation. Here, we demonstrate that inhibition of NF-kappaB interferes with transformation by the Raf-oncogene, and we characterized the mechanism of NF-kappaB induction by activated Raf kinase and the tumor promoter phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA). NF-kappaB activation by PMA and Raf critically depends on the IkappaB-kinase complex, most notably on IKK-2. A major signaling pathway induced by Raf is the mitogenic cytoplasmic kinase cascade. However, different inhibitors of this cascade do not affect PMA- and Raf-mediated NF-kappaB activation. Raf does not phosphorylate the IkappaB-kinase proteins directly. Raf rather synergizes with another membrane shuttle kinase MEKK1, and Raf-mediated activation of NF-kappaB is blocked by a dominant negative form of MEKK1. These results suggest that Raf induction of NF-kappaB is relayed by MEKK1, but not by the classical mitogenic cytoplasmic kinase cascade.

L85 ANSWER 54 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 42

AB The interferon (IFN)-induced double-stranded RNA-activated protein kinase PKR mediates inhibition of protein synthesis through phosphorylation of the alpha subunit of eukaryotic initiation factor 2 (eIF2alpha) and is also involved in the induction of the IFN gene through the activation of the transcription factor NF-kappaB. NF-kappaB is retained in the

cytoplasm through binding to its inhibitor IkappaBalph α . The critical step in NF-kappaB activation is the phosphorylation of IkappaBalph α by the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. This activity releases NF-kappaB from IkappaBalph α and allows its translocation to the nucleus. Here, we have studied the ability of PKR to activate NF-kappaB in a reporter assay and have shown for the first time that two catalytically inactive PKR mutants, PKR/KR296 and a deletion mutant (PKR/Del142) which lacks the potential eIF2alpha-binding domain, can also activate NF-kappaB. This result indicated that NF-kappaB activation by PKR does not require its kinase activity and that it is independent of the PKR-eIF2alpha relationship. Transfection of either wild-type PKR or catalytically inactive PKR in PKR(0/0) mouse embryo fibroblasts resulted in the activation of the IKK complex. By using a glutathione S-transferase pull-down assay, we showed that PKR interacts with the IKK β subunit of the IKK complex. This interaction apparently does not require the integrity of the IKK complex, as it was found to occur with extracts from cells deficient in the NF-kappaB essential modulator, one of the components of the IKK complex. Therefore, our results reveal a novel pathway by which PKR can modulate the NF-kappaB signaling pathway without using its kinase activity.

L85 ANSWER 56 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AB The phosphorylation of I κ B by the multiprotein I κ B kinase complex (IKC) precedes the activation of transcription factor NF- κ B, a key regulator of the inflammatory response. Here we identified the mixed-lineage group kinase 3 (MLK3) as an activator of NF- κ B. Expression of the wild-type form of this mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase (MAPKKK) induced nuclear immigration, DNA binding, and transcriptional activity of NF- κ B. MLK3 directly phosphorylated and thus activated I κ B kinase alpha (IKK α) and IKK β , revealing its function as an I κ B kinase kinase (IKKK). MLK3 cooperated with the other two IKKKs, MEKK1 and NF- κ B-inducing kinase, in the induction of IKK activity. MLK3 bound to components of the IKC in vivo. This protein-protein interaction was dependent on the central leucine zipper region of MLK3. A kinase-deficient version of MLK3 strongly impaired NF- κ B-dependent transcription induced by T-cell costimulation but not in response to tumor necrosis factor alpha or interleukin-1. Accordingly, endogenous MLK3 was phosphorylated and activated by T-cell costimulation but not by treatment of cells with tumor necrosis factor alpha or interleukin-1. A dominant neg. version of MLK3 inhibited NF- κ B- and CD28RE/AP-dependent transcription elicited by the Rho family GTPases Rac and Cdc42, thereby providing a novel link between these GTPases and the IKC.

L85 ANSWER 62 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN DUPLICATE 48
AB Besides its known role as a translational controlling factor, the double stranded RNA-dependent protein kinase (PKR) is a key transcriptional regulator exerting antiviral and antitumoural activities. We have recently described that induction of NF- Kappa B by PKR is involved in apoptosis commitment. To define how PKR mediates NF- Kappa B activation by dsRNA, we have used two different approaches, one based on expression of PKR by a vaccinia virus (VV) recombinant and the other based on induction of endogenous PKR by poly I:C (pIC) treatment. We found that NF- Kappa B complexes induced by PKR are composed primarily of p50-p65 heterodimers and also of c-rel-p50 heterodimers. As described for other stimuli, following pIC treatment, PKR phosphorylates the NF- Kappa B inhibitor I Kappa B alpha at serine 32 before degradation. Expression by VV recombinants of IKK1 or IKK2 dominant negative mutants together with PKR showed inhibition of PKR-induced NF- Kappa B activation, as measured both by gel shift and luciferase reporter assays. Immunoprecipitation analysis revealed that PKR interacts with the IKK complex. Our findings demonstrate that physiological function(s) of PKR involve activation of the I Kappa B kinase complex.

AB Signal-induced nuclear expression of the eukaryotic NF-kappaB transcription factor involves the stimulatory action of select mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinases on the IkappaB kinases (IKKalpha and IKKbeta) which reside in a macromolecular signaling complex termed the signalsome. While genetic studies indicate that IKKbeta is the principal kinase involved in proinflammatory cytokine-induced IkappaB phosphorylation, the function of the equivalently expressed IKKalpha is less clear. Here we demonstrate that assembly of IKKalpha with IKKbeta in the heterodimeric signalsome serves two important functions: (i) in unstimulated cells, IKKalpha inhibits the constitutive IkappaB kinase activity of IKKbeta; (ii) in activated cells, IKKalpha kinase activity is required for the induction of IKKbeta. The introduction of kinase-inactive IKKalpha, activation loop mutants of IKKalpha, or IKKalpha antisense RNA into 293 or HeLa cells blocks NIK (NF-kappaB-inducing kinase)-induced phosphorylation of the IKKbeta activation loop occurring in functional signalsomes. In contrast, catalytically inactive mutants of IKKbeta do not block NIK-mediated phosphorylation of IKKalpha in these macromolecular signaling complexes. This requirement for kinase-proficient IKKalpha to activate IKKbeta in heterodimeric IKK signalsomes is also observed with other NF-kappaB inducers, including tumor necrosis factor alpha, human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 Tax, Cot, and MEKK1. Conversely, the theta isoform of protein kinase C, which also induces NF-kappaB/Rel, directly targets IKKbeta for phosphorylation and activation, possibly acting through homodimeric IKKbeta complexes. Together, our findings indicate that activation of the heterodimeric IKK complex by a variety of different inducers proceeds in a directional manner and is dependent on the kinase activity of IKKalpha to activate IKKbeta.

L85 ANSWER 64 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 50
AB Phosphorylation of IkappaB by the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex is a critical step leading to IkappaB degradation and activation of transcription factor NF-kappaB. The IKK complex contains two catalytic subunits, IKKalpha and IKKbeta, the latter being indispensable for NF-kappaB activation by pro-inflammatory cytokines. Although IKK is activated by phosphorylation of the IKKbeta activation loop, the physiological IKK kinases that mediate responses to extracellular stimuli remain obscure. Here we describe an IKK-related kinase, named NAK (NF-kappaB-activating kinase), that can activate IKK through direct phosphorylation. NAK induces IkappaB degradation and NF-kappaB activity through IKKbeta. Endogenous NAK is activated by phorbol ester tumour promoters and growth factors, whereas catalytically inactive NAK specifically inhibits activation of NF-kappaB by protein kinase C-epsilon (PKCepsilon). Thus, NAK is an IKK kinase that may mediate IKK and NF-kappaB activation in response to growth factors that stimulate PKCepsilon activity.

L85 ANSWER 66 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 52
AB Here we report the identification of a novel PMA-inducible IkappaB kinase complex, distinct from the well-characterized high-molecular weight IkappaB kinase complex containing IKKalpha, IKKbeta, and IKKgamma. We have characterized one kinase from this complex, which we designate IKKepsilon. Although recombinant IKKepsilon directly phosphorylates only serine 36 of IKKalpha, the PMA-activated endogenous IKKepsilon complex phosphorylates both critical serine residues. Remarkably, this activity is due to the presence of a distinct kinase in this complex. A dominant-negative mutant of IKKepsilon blocks induction of NF-kappaB by both PMA and activation of the T cell receptor but has no effect on the activation of NF-KB by TNFalpha or IL-1. These observations indicate that the activation of NF-kappaB requires multiple distinct IkappaB kinase complexes, which respond to both overlapping and discrete signaling pathways.

L85 ANSWER 67 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
AB Delhase et al. take issue with our claim that Akt induces activation of

NF- Kappa B by phosphorylating IKK alpha , contending that IKK alpha plays no role in the activation by TNF of NF- Kappa B, and consequently that Akt could not affect NF- Kappa B through IKK alpha . They point out that Hu et al. have shown that cells deficient in IKK alpha have normal TNF- Kappa B activity, but this has been refuted by Li et al., who reported significant reduction of TNF-induced NF- Kappa B in IKK alpha -deficient cells.

Indeed, the observations of Hu et al. show that degradation of I Kappa B alpha is diminished in cells from IKK alpha -deficient mice and are therefore not consistent with the conclusion that IKK alpha plays no role in TNF induction of NF- Kappa B. Furthermore, deficiency of IKK beta only partially impairs TNF-induced NF- Kappa B activation, which reserves a role for IKK alpha in this pathway. Others have shown that activation of the IKK complex is dependent on the kinase activity of IKK alpha to activate IKK beta . Thus, strong evidence supports a role for IKK alpha in TNF induction of NF- Kappa B. Delhase et al. only tested the role of Akt on NF- Kappa B activation in HeLa cells in which they did not observe activation of Akt by TNF. As the involvement of inflammatory stimuli, including TNF, TRAF-6, IL-1 and LPS in PI(3)K/Akt activation is well documented, Delhase et al. should have investigated the Akt/NF- Kappa B connection in some of these systems.

L85 ANSWER 70 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 54
AB The NF-kappaB family of transcription factors plays a crucial role in the immune, inflammatory and apoptotic responses. These proteins are normally found in the cytoplasm, retained by interaction with an inhibitory molecule called IkappaB. Activation of the NF-kappaB signalling cascade results in phosphorylation and degradation of IkappaB, allowing nuclear translocation of the NF-kappaB complexes. The recent identification of a high-molecular-weight complex containing two kinases and a regulatory subunit has led to a flurry of new results that shed light on some of the most complex mechanisms contributing to the exquisite regulation of NF-kappaB activity.

L85 ANSWER 71 OF 104 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation on STN

L85 ANSWER 72 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 55
AB NF-kappaB is a critical activator of genes involved in inflammation and immunity. Pro-inflammatory cytokines activate the IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex that phosphorylates the NF-kappaB inhibitors, triggering their conjugation with ubiquitin and subsequent degradation. Freed NF-kappaB dimers translocate to the nucleus and induce target genes, including the one for cyclo-oxygenase 2 (COX2), which catalyses the synthesis of pro-inflammatory prostaglandins, in particular PGE. At late stages of inflammatory episodes, however, COX2 directs the synthesis of anti-inflammatory cyclopentenone prostaglandins, suggesting a role for these molecules in the resolution of inflammation. Cyclopentenone prostaglandins have been suggested to exert anti-inflammatory activity through the activation of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor-gamma. Here we demonstrate a novel mechanism of antiinflammatory activity which is based on the direct inhibition and modification of the IKKbeta subunit of IKK. As IKKbeta is responsible for the activation of NF-kappaB by pro-inflammatory stimuli, our findings explain how cyclopentenone prostaglandins function and can be used to improve the utility of COX2 inhibitors.

L85 ANSWER 73 OF 104 LIFESCI COPYRIGHT 2008 CSA on STN
AB NF- Kappa B is a heterodimeric transcription factor that plays a key role in inflammatory and immune responses. In nonstimulated cells, NF- Kappa B dimers are maintained in the cytoplasm through interaction with inhibitory proteins, the I Kappa Bs. In response to cell stimulation, mainly by proinflammatory cytokines, a multisubunit protein kinase, the I-Kappa B kinase (IKK), is rapidly activated and phosphorylates two critical serines in the N-terminal regulatory domain of the I Kappa Bs. Phosphorylated I

Kappa Bs are recognized by a specific E3 ubiquitin ligase complex and undergo polyubiquitination which targets them for rapid degradation by the 26S proteasome. NF- Kappa B dimers, which are spared from degradation, translocate to the nucleus to activate gene transcription. There is strong biochemical and genetic evidence that the IKK complex, which consists of two catalytic subunits, IKK alpha and IKK beta , and a regulatory subunit, IKK gamma , is the master regulator of NF- Kappa B-mediated innate immune and inflammatory responses. In the absence of IKK gamma , which normally connects IKK to upstream activators, no IKK or NF- Kappa B activation can occur. Surprisingly, however, of the two catalytic subunits, only IKK beta is essential for NF- Kappa B activation in response to proinflammatory stimuli. The second catalytic subunit, IKK alpha , plays a critical role in developmental processes, in particular formation and differentiation of the epidermis.

L85 ANSWER 81 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 61
AB Rel/NF-kappaB transcription factors are primarily regulated by association with inhibitor IkappaB proteins. Thus, in most cells NF-kappaB exists in the cytoplasm in an inactive complex bound to IkappaB. Most agents that activate NF-kappaB do so through a common pathway based on phosphorylation-induced, proteasome-mediated degradation of IkappaB. The key regulatory step in this pathway involves activation of a high molecular weight IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex, whose catalysis is generally carried out by a heterodimeric kinase consisting of IKKalpha and IKKbeta subunits. This review describes the identification of proteins in the IKK complex, and the regulation and physiological functions of IKK.

L85 ANSWER 82 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 62
AB The activation of NF-kappaB by receptors in the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor and Toll/interleukin-1 (IL-1) receptor families requires the TRAF family of adaptor proteins. Receptor oligomerization causes the recruitment of TRAFs to the receptor complex, followed by the activation of a kinase cascade that results in the phosphorylation of IkappaB. TANK is a TRAF-binding protein that can inhibit the binding of TRAFs to receptor tails and can also inhibit NF-kappaB activation by these receptors. However, TANK also displays the ability to stimulate TRAF-mediated NF-kappaB activation. In this report, we investigate the mechanism of the stimulatory activity of TANK. We find that TANK interacts with TBK1 (TANK-binding kinase 1), a novel IKK-related kinase that can activate NF-kappaB in a kinase-dependent manner. TBK1, TANK and TRAF2 can form a ternary complex, and complex formation appears to be required for TBK1 activity. Kinase-inactive TBK1 inhibits TANK-mediated NF-kappaB activation but does not block the activation mediated by TNF-alpha, IL-1 or CD40. The TBK1-TANK-TRAF2 signaling complex functions upstream of NIK and the IKK complex and represents an alternative to the receptor signaling complex for TRAF-mediated activation of NF-kappaB.

L85 ANSWER 83 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 63
AB Colorectal cancer is a major cause of cancer deaths in Western countries, but epidemiological data suggest that dietary modification might reduce these by as much as 90%. Cyclo-oxygenase 2 (COX2), an inducible isoform of prostaglandin H synthase, which mediates prostaglandin synthesis during inflammation, and which is selectively overexpressed in colon tumours, is thought to play an important role in colon carcinogenesis. Curcumin, a constituent of turmeric, possesses potent anti-inflammatory activity and prevents colon cancer in animal models. However, its mechanism of action is not fully understood. We found that in human colon epithelial cells, curcumin inhibits COX2 induction by the colon tumour promoters, tumour necrosis factor alpha or fecapentaene-12. Induction of COX2 by inflammatory cytokines or hypoxia-induced oxidative stress can be mediated by nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappaB). Since curcumin inhibits NF-kappaB activation, we examined whether its chemopreventive activity is related to modulation of the signalling pathway which regulates the stability of the

NF-kappaB-sequestering protein, IkappaB. Recently components of this pathway, NF-kappaB-inducing kinase and IkappaB kinases, IKKalpha and beta, which phosphorylate IkappaB to release NF-kappaB, have been characterised. Curcumin prevents phosphorylation of IkappaB by inhibiting the activity of the IKKs. This property, together with a long history of consumption without adverse health effects, makes curcumin an important candidate for consideration in colon cancer prevention.

L85 ANSWER 88 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AB A review with 9 refs., on essential role of serine phosphorylation of IkB kinase β subunit (IKK- β) in activation of IKK complex, and neg. regulation of IKK activity by autophosphorylation of IKK β C terminal.

L85 ANSWER 95 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 72
AB IkappaB kinases (IKKalpha and IKKbeta) are key components of the IKK complex that mediates activation of the transcription factor NF-kappaB in response to extracellular stimuli such as inflammatory cytokines, viral and bacterial infection, and UV irradiation. Although NF-kappaB-inducing kinase (NIK) interacts with and activates the IKKs, the upstream kinases for the IKKs still remain obscure. We identified mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 1 (MEKK1) as an immediate upstream kinase of the IKK complex. MEKK1 is activated by tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF-alpha) and interleukin-1 and can potentiate the stimulatory effect of TNF-alpha on IKK and NF-kappaB activation. The dominant negative mutant of MEKK1, on the other hand, partially blocks activation of IKK by TNF-alpha. MEKK1 interacts with and stimulates the activities of both IKKalpha and IKKbeta in transfected HeLa and COS-1 cells and directly phosphorylates the IKKs in vitro. Furthermore, MEKK1 appears to act in parallel to NIK, leading to synergistic activation of the IKK complex. The formation of the MEKK1-IKK complex versus the NIK-IKK complex may provide a molecular basis for regulation of the IKK complex by various extracellular signals.

L85 ANSWER 96 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 73
AB NF-kappaB is activated by various stimuli including inflammatory cytokines and stresses. A key step in the activation of NF-kappaB is the phosphorylation of its inhibitors, IkappaBs, by an IkappaB kinase (IKK) complex. Recently, two closely related kinases, designated IKKalpha and IKKbeta, have been identified to be the components of the IKK complex that phosphorylate critical serine residues of IkappaBs for degradation. A previously identified NF-kappaB-inducing kinase (NIK), which mediates NF-kappaB activation by TNFalpha and IL-1, has been demonstrated to activate IKKalpha. Previous studies showed that mitogen-activated protein kinase/ERK kinase kinase-1 (MEKK1), which constitutes the c-Jun N-terminal kinase/stress-activated protein kinase pathway, also activates NF-kappaB by an undefined mechanism. Here, we show that overexpression of MEKK1 preferentially stimulates the kinase activity of IKKbeta, which resulted in phosphorylation of IkappaBs. Moreover, a catalytically inactive mutant of IKKbeta blocked the MEKK1-induced NF-kappaB activation. By contrast, overexpression of NIK stimulates kinase activities of both IKKalpha and IKKbeta comparably, suggesting a qualitative difference between NIK- and MEKK1-mediated NF-kappaB activation pathways. Collectively, these results indicate that NIK and MEKK1 independently activate the IKK complex and that the kinase activities of IKKalpha and IKKbeta are differentially regulated by two upstream kinases, NIK and MEKK1, which are responsive to distinct stimuli.

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L85 ANSWER 101 OF 104 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
AB Activation of the transcription factor nuclear factor kappa B

(NF- κ B) by inflammatory cytokines requires the successive action of NF- κ B-inducing kinase (NIK) and I κ B kinase- α (IKK- α). A widely expressed protein kinase was identified that is 52 % identical to IKK- α . I κ B kinase- β (IKK- β) activated NF- κ B when overexpressed and phosphorylated serine residues 32 and 36 of I κ B- α and serines 19 and 23 of I κ B- β . The activity of IKK- β was stimulated by tumor necrosis factor and interleukin-1 treatment IKK- α and IKK- β formed heterodimers that interacted with NIK. Overexpression of a catalytically inactive form of IKK- β blocked cytokine-induced NF- κ B activation. Thus, an active I κ B kinase complex may require three distinct protein kinases.

L85 ANSWER 102 OF 104 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
 AB Activation of the transcription factor nuclear factor kappa B (NF- κ B) is controlled by sequential phosphorylation, ubiquitination, and degradation of its inhibitory subunit I κ B. A large multiprotein complex, the I κ B kinase (IKK) signalsome, was purified from HeLa cells and found to contain a cytokine-inducible I κ B kinase activity that phosphorylates I κ B- α and I κ B- β . Two components of the IKK signalsome, IKK-1 and IKK-2, were identified as closely related protein serine kinases containing leucine zipper and helix-loop-helix protein interaction motifs. Mutant versions of IKK-2 had pronounced effects on RelA nuclear translocation and NF- κ B-dependent reporter activity, consistent with a critical role for the IKK kinases in the NF- κ B signaling pathway.

L85 ANSWER 104 OF 104 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 78
 AB Recently we purified a 900 kDa cytokine-responsive IkappaB kinase complex (IKK) and molecularly cloned one of its subunits, IKKalpha, a serine kinase. We now describe the molecular cloning and characterization of IKKbeta, a second subunit of the IKK complex. IKKbeta is 50% identical to IKKalpha and like it contains a kinase domain, a leucine zipper, and a helix-loop-helix. Although IKKalpha and IKKbeta can undergo homotypic interaction, they also interact with each other and the functional IKK complex contains both subunits. The catalytic activities of both IKKalpha and IKKbeta make essential contributions to IkappaB phosphorylation and NF-kappaB activation. While the interactions between IKKalpha and IKKbeta may be mediated through their leucine zipper motifs, their helix-loop-helix motifs may be involved in interactions with essential regulatory subunits.

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